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142.6 What does the phrase "know or have reason to know" mean?

PROCEDURES LEADING TO ISSUANCE OF A COMPLAINT

- 142.7 Who investigates program fraud?
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- 142.9 When will SBA issue a complaint?
- 142.10 What is contained in a complaint?
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PROCEDURES FOLLOWING SERVICE OF A COMPLAINT

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- 142.16 At the hearing, what rights do the parties have?
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- disqualified? 142.19 How are issues brought to the attention of the AL.J?
- 142.20 How are papers served?
- 142.21 How will the hearing be conducted and who has the burden of proof?
- 142.22 How is evidence presented at the hearing?
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- 142.27 Are there sanctions for misconduct?
- 142.28 Where is the hearing held?
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- 142.34 Are there any limitations on the right to appeal to the Administrator?
- 142.35 How does the Administrator dispose of an appeal?
- 142.36 Can I obtain judicial review?
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- 142.38 Can the administrative complaint be settled voluntarily?
- 142.39 How are civil penalties and assessments collected?
- 142.40 What if the investigation indicates criminal misconduct?
- 142.41 How does SBA protect the rights of defendants?

AUTHORITY: 15 U.S.C. 634(b); 31 U.S.C. 3803(g)(2).

SOURCE: 61 FR 2691, Jan. 29, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

OVERVIEW AND DEFINITIONS

§ 142.1 Overview of regulations.

- (a) Statutory basis. This part implements the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, 31 U.S.C. 3801-3812 ("the Act"). The Act provides SBA and other federal agencies with an administrative remedy to impose civil penalties and assessments against persons making false claims and statements. The Act also provides due process protections to all persons who are subject to administrative proceedings under this part.
- (b) Possible remedies for program fraud. In addition to any other penalty which may be prescribed by law, a person who submits, or causes to be submitted, a false claim or a false statement to SBA is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each statement or claim, regardless of whether property, services, or money is actually delivered or paid by SBA. If SBA has made any payment, transferred property, or provided services in reliance on a false claim, the person submitting it is also subject to an assessment of not more than twice the amount of the false claim. This assessment is in lieu of damages sustained by SBA because of the false claim.

§142.2 What kind of conduct will result in program fraud enforcement?

- (a) Any person who makes, or causes to be made, a false, fictitious, or fraudulent claim or written statement to SBA is subject to program fraud enforcement. A "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity.
- (b) If more than one person makes a false claim or statement, each person